ONE YEAR AGO...

NEW YORK, N.Y., October 7—On October 7, the United Nations Security Council took up the issue of the recognition of the sovereignty of the Ukrainian SSR. The Ukrainian SSR was represented by Its Ambassador, Mr. Podgorny, who made a speech in the Security Council, which was later adopted by the Council. The speech was well received by the other members of the Council, and it was unanimously adopted.

The speech was followed by a number of other speeches, which were equally well received. The Council then proceeded to adopt a resolution, which was unanimously passed by the members of the Council.

The resolution was as follows: "The United Nations Security Council, having considered the statement made by Mr. Podgorny, hereby recognizes the sovereignty of the Ukrainian SSR and its right to the independence and territorial integrity of its territory. The Council also recognizes the right of the United Nations to render assistance to the Ukrainian SSR in its efforts to maintain its independence and territorial integrity."

The resolution was then signed by all the members of the Council, and it was adopted by the unanimous vote of the members of the Council.

The speech of Mr. Podgorny was an important step in the recognition of the sovereignty of the Ukrainian SSR by the United Nations. It was a clear and strong statement in support of the sovereignty of the Ukrainian SSR, and it was well received by the other members of the Council.

The resolution adopted by the Council was a clear and strong statement in support of the sovereignty of the Ukrainian SSR, and it was a significant step in the recognition of the sovereignty of the Ukrainian SSR by the United Nations.
Have the Poles Learned Their Lesson?

Elsewhere in this issue of The Ukrainian Weekly there is a stimulating article by Mr. Theodore Lutwinia, protesting a resolution adopted by the Polish American Congress, which seeks to arrogate to the Polish government the power to issue the returns of Western Ukraine for that community. This is a resolution that the American Communist party has submitted against the resolution at a previous occasion. Daring the time between 1920 and 1939, when Western Ukraine was an unwilling part of the Ukrainian Soviet Socialist Republic, together with the rest of the Soviet Union, the Poles were oppressed by the Polish regime that the League of Nations had failed to condemn.

Since 1920 Ukraine has been part of the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics, and the Ukrainian Soviet government has never been the subject of any aggression on the part of any government. The Poles are not the only state whose government has been charged with aggression. The United States, for example, has been accused of aggression, as has been the Soviet Union. The Poles are not the only state whose government has been accused of aggression. The United States, for example, has been accused of aggression, as has been the Soviet Union.

The Poles are not the only state whose government has been accused of aggression. The United States, for example, has been accused of aggression, as has been the Soviet Union.
Проблема особистості України має чинність для того, що зазвичай внутрішня діяльність та внутрішні впливи мають значний вплив на національну політику та державні сили України. Ви вказали на те, що існує потреба в системному вивченні політичної ситуації та розумінні його значення для державної політики. 

У рамках зазначених проблем виявлено, що національні державні структури мають значний вплив на внутрішню діяльність та внутрішні впливи в Україні.

Однак, слід враховувати, що внутрішні впливи та внутрішня діяльність мають важливий вплив на державні сили України, що є необхідним для розвитку державного уряду в Україні.

Ви вказали на необхідність аналізу внутрішніх впливів та діяльності національних структур в Україні, які є важливими для розвитку державного уряду в Україні.